Reply to Non-Final Office Action of February 25, 2008

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (Original) A method of preparing an ethylene polymerization catalyst, comprising:
- (a) (a1) reacting magnesium halide with alcohol in the presence of a hydrocarbon solvent,
  - (a2) reacting the resulting product solution from the step (a1) with dialkylmagnesium, and
  - (a3) reacting the resulting product from the step (a2) with alkyl halide or silane halide, to give a magnesium complex;
- (b) reacting the magnesium complex with a titanium compound, to give a magnesium-titanium complex; and
- (c) reacting the magnesium-titanium complex with an electron donor.
- 2. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the magnesium halide is a compound represented by a formula of  $MgX_2$ , in which X is a halogen element belonging to Group VII in the periodic table.
- 3. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the alcohol is a compound represented by a formula of  $R^1OH$ , in which  $R^1$  is an alkyl radical having 1 to 10 carbons.

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4. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the dialkylmagnesium is a

compound represented by a formula of MgR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup> or MgR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup> (AlR<sup>4</sup><sub>3</sub>), in which R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>,

which are the same or different, respectively are an alkyl radical having 1 to 10 carbons.

5. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the alkyl halide is a

compound represented by a formula of R<sup>5</sup>X, in which R<sup>5</sup> is an alkyl radical having 1 to 5

carbons, and X is a halogen element belonging to Group VII in the periodic table.

6. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the silane halide is a

compound represented by formula of R<sup>5</sup><sub>m</sub>SiX<sub>4-m</sub>, in which R<sup>5</sup> is an alkyl radical having 1 to 5

carbons, X is a halogen element belonging to Group VII in the periodic table, and m is an

integer ranging from 0 to 3.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the titanium

compound is a compound represented by a formula of TiX4, in which X is a halogen element

belonging to Group VII in the periodic table, or an alkoxy radical selected from-a the group

consisting of among OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, OC<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> and OC<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>.

8. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the electron donor is an

organic acid ester compound represented by a formula of R<sup>6</sup>(COO)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>7</sup><sub>m</sub>R<sup>8</sup><sub>n-m</sub>, in which R<sup>6</sup> is

saturated hydrocarbons, unsaturated hydrocarbons, alicyclic hydrocarbons or aromatic

hydrocarbons having 1 to 18 carbons, R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup>, which are the same or different respectively

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are an alkyl radical having 1 to 18 carbons, and n and m, which are the same or different,

respectively are an integer of 1 or 2 ( $m \le n$ ).

9. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the steps (a2) and (a3) are

carried at -30 to 100°C.

10. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein a molar ratio of the

magnesium complex and the titanium compound ranges from 1:0.5 to 1:10 and the step (b) is

carried out at -20 to 100°C.

11. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein a molar ratio of the

magnesium complex and the electron donor ranges from 1:0.01 to 1:0.5.

12. (New) The method as set forth in claim 1, where steps (a1), (a2), and (a3) are

completed before performing step (b), and step (b) is completed before performing step (c).

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